IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON DIVISION

IN RE: BOSTON SCIENTIFIC CORP.,

PELVIC REPAIR SYSTEM

PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION

MDL No. 2326

THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:

Ferguson v. Boston Scientific Corp.

Civil Action No. 2:13-cv-08372

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

Pending before the court is Boston Scientific Corp.'s ("BSC") Motion to Dismiss for Failure to Timely Serve her Plaintiff Profile Form [ECF No. 9]. The plaintiff has not responded, and the deadline for responding has expired. Thus, this matter is ripe

for my review. For the reasons stated below, the motion is **GRANTED**.

BSC's Motion arises from this court's Order [ECF No. 8], entered on May 26, 2016, denying BSC's Motion for Sanctions, including monetary penalties, dismissal and any other sanction deemed appropriate by the court, for failure to serve a Plaintiff Profile Form ("PPF") in compliance with Pretrial Order ("PTO") # 16. In reaching this decision, I relied on *Wilson v. Volkswagen of America, Inc.*, 561 F.2d 494 (4th Cir. 1977), in which the Fourth Circuit identified four factors that a court must consider when reviewing a motion to dismiss on the basis of noncompliance with discovery. *See* Order at 4–7 [ECF No. 8] (applying the *Wilson* factors to Ms. Ferguson's case).

¹ The Wilson factors are as follows: (1) Whether the noncomplying party acted in bad faith; (2) the amount of prejudice his noncompliance caused his adversary, which necessarily includes an inquiry into the materiality of the evidence he failed to produce; (3) the need for deterrence of the particular sort of noncompliance; and (4) the effectiveness of less drastic sanctions. Mut. Fed. Sav. & Loan

Concluding that the first three factors weighed in favor of sanctions as requested by

BSC, I nevertheless declined to award the requested sanctions of either dismissal or

monetary sanctions because it would offend the court's duty under Wilson's fourth

factor, which is to consider the effectiveness of lesser sanctions. In recognition of this

duty, I gave the plaintiff a final chance to comply with the deadlines set forth in PTO

16. I afforded her 30 business days from the entry of the Order to submit to BSC a

completed PPF, with the caveat that a failure to do so may result in dismissal of her

case upon motion by BSC. Despite this warning, Ms. Ferguson has again failed to

comply with this court's orders and did not provide BSC with her PPF within the 30-

day period. Consequently, BSC moved to dismiss this case.

Because the less drastic sanction instituted against Ms. Ferguson has had no

effect on her compliance with and response to this court's discovery orders, which she

has continued to blatantly disregard, I find that dismissal is now appropriate. For the

reasons explained in my May 26, 2016 Order [ECF No. 8], it is **ORDERED** that the

defendant's Motion to Dismiss [ECF No. 9] is GRANTED, and the plaintiff's case is

DISMISSED without prejudice. The court **DIRECTS** the Clerk to send a copy of this

Order to counsel of record and any unrepresented party.

ENTER: August 16, 2016

JOSEPH R. GOODWIN

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Ass'n v. Richards & Assocs., Inc., 872 F.2d 88, 92 (4th Cir. 1989) (citing Wilson, 561 F.2d at 503–06).

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